EXHIBIT F

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2	THE OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE
3	STATE OF GEORGIA
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9	IN THE MATTER OF:
10	STATE ELECTION BOARD MEETING
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12	Wednesday, June 21, 2023
13	Georgia State Capitol, Room 341
14	Atlanta, Georgia
15	9:00 a.m.
16	Volume 2 of 2
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Janice Johnston
Ed Lindsey
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Transcript Legend
[sic] - Exactly as said.
(ph) - Exact spelling unknown.
Break in speech continuity.
Indicates halting speech, unfinished sentence or
omission of word(s) when reading.
Quoted material is typed as spoken.
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of the elections process to the end of the elections process.

Obviously with that, what we'll -- we need to make sure that the poll book is compatible by that point which we're working with our poll book vendor to make sure that we stay up to date with the progress on that. But we're hoping that that's at a point where it is compatible for us to be able to run pilots.

So for that what I'm going to do at this point is hand it over to Michael Barnes.

JUDGE DUFFEY: Welcome, Mr. Barnes.

MR. BARNES: Good morning. Again my name is Michael Barnes. I serve under Blake in the Secretary of State's Office as his deputy director of elections, and I work mainly with the voting systems that we use in the state of Georgia.

We have begun the process of interacting with Dominion Suite 5.17 to get a true understanding of what changes we may see between 5, 5A, which is what we are currently using in Georgia, as we transition potentially to 5.17.

The one good news, I think, from a voter experience, which -- what a Georgia voter will

see when they interact with a touchscreen if we transition to 5.17, it's not a big change for what the voter experience will be.

However, the majority of the changes are really in the back end of the system, primarily within the election management system. And that is the system that builds the ballots. That's the system that counts the ballots. That's also the system that transfers the information from the election management system to the devices that are used, the BMDs, the scanners themselves. Because unfortunately what we've been -- what we've called this process is, potentially, we call it an upgrade. It's really not an upgrade.

This -- even though it starts five -- it says 5.17 and we may use 5.5, this really will require us to fully rebuild the system and that means the election management systems have to be completely rebuilt; the operating systems on those devices have to be renewed, updated to a different version. The back-end application in which these applications sit have to be updated and replaced.

So an additional amount of hardware has got to be procured for county use. And I'm not

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I'm talking about touchscreens and ballot scanners. I'm talking about the CPUs that are placed within the county offices that run the elections process, where the election project sits, where the ballots become tabulated. And we were not anticipating that initially when we began having discussions with Dominion about potential changes in the voting system. But that now is what we are seeing, is that we are going to have to look into going back to the legislature and asking for potential funds to upgrade some of the CPUs that are at the county level. There may be an opportunity us for to -- to reuse some equipment that is already at the place but I'm afraid we're probably not going to be able to do that.

In regards to your BMDs, to your scanners, those are still available to be used with the new Democracy Suite but that will require not just a simple install and update and it updates. We're going to actually have to break them all the way back down to the BIOS level. We've got to change a BIOS setting, we've got to adjust operating systems, and then install applications. All of this process takes a significant amount of time per individual device.

In the testing that we have done in our office, it takes with our staff about 15 to 18 minutes to go through a full installation process on a single BMD. For the installation on an optical scan unit, we're looking at about approximately 20 minutes. But there is some scalability in the optical scan units. We can have multiple optical scans going through an update process in a simultaneous period.

The other issue we will have as we take on the process of potentially updating is the equipment is not all in one central location. It is spread out amongst a hundred and fifty-nine counties. So it will be an effort to figure out the logistics of whether the update process will require us to go to each individual county and do the work locally or whether we have to work with the counties to potentially bring equipment back to some sort of locational hub and do the work in a hubbed environment. And all of those decisions are yet to be made.

But as Blake alluded to, we are still in the process of learning more about 5.17, learning also what we will need to undertake to train our local officials on the use of 5.17. Is there any

additional information that we need to make sure voters are aware of in regards to 5.17?

There is some additional hardware that's available in 5.17 that we have not previously used. There is an upgrade to the ballot scanner that is available under 5.17 that does not currently work with five fif -- the 5.5 option that we have. And there are some larger counties in the state that may be interested in potentially procuring this additional hardware because of it's scalability, it's ability to hold more information.

So there's a lot of information that we're yet to really fully understand and get the full grasp of. So we want to move in a very meticulous fashion where we learn about this process, where we learn about 5.17, and we can then instruct the county election officials to the best of our ability on what things they will have to do in order to execute elections successfully moving forward.

So we're in the process of learning. I wish we were at a state where we knew everything about it at this point, but unfortunately we do not.

The biggest surprise that we've encountered

so far is the fact that the poll pads are not yet compatible with 5.17. The vendors are working together to resolve that but we don't yet have a timetable on how long that may take. And I'm sort of thankful that we had not gotten too far out ahead of ourselves because we could've really been in a situation where we could've been inadvertently impacted in an upcoming election. So I'm thankful that we have -- are taking this meticulous approach at this point in time to learn as much as we can about 5.17.

JUDGE DUFFEY: Any questions from the board members? Questions?

MR. LINDSEY: Yes. Before you I have one for that matter.

Let's sort of take a timeline. And I want to make sure I understand because I've heard lots of different things here. What is the drop -- for want of a better term, drop-dead point in which whatever system we have, we have to have it for the 2024 elections? Because I realize, you know, we're not talking about November.

We're -- you know, we have a general election in November. We have primaries and runoffs in May and June -- May, June, and July.

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We have special elections. We have a presidential primary in March. So in order to have the -- whatever system we have ready and then for you guys to do whatever you need to do to prepare for the election, what is the drop-dead date?

MR. BARNES: It's getting very close, but I will try my best to give you a timeline answer. The scheduled presidential preference primary is early March. We have to have ballots ready in the counties' hands for mail-out distribution no later than 49 days prior to the election for UOCAVA voting purposes. That means that the election project that has to exist in order for ballots to be generated and ballots printed has to be completed. We always aim to have all election projects for an election completed, especially when there's a 49-day ballot -- ballot window, at 60 days prior to that scheduled election. So we're going to have to have all of the election projects for the state of Georgia finished by middle of January.

In order to build those databases, we -- or election project files, we start receiving information from the counties in November of the

preceding year. I believe that we will be obtaining from these -- the Democratic and Republican parties somewhere around November of who will be the candidates for their parties on the presidential preference ballot.

Once that information's received, we're also receiving information from counties if they plan to have any special elections tied to the presidential preference primary. And we're trying to obtain that information at 90 days or sooner, prior to election so that we have adequate time to put that information, to organize the ballot, to provide counties ample time to proof the ballot to confirm that what is laid out is properly correct.

And then once they sign off, we have to finalize it. We have to get the ballots to print. We have to get the election project packaged so it can be delivered to the county so that it can then be installed locally on their election management system so that counties can then begin the process of their logic and accuracy steps prior to the election.

So the voting system needs to be in place for a uniform system of voting. In the state of

Georgia, we've got to be ready to go in December.

MR. LINDSEY: Okay. Mr. Chairman, can I ask another one along the same line?

JUDGE DUFFEY: Yes.

MR. LINDSEY: I'm curious. I'm not sure which one of you sort of commented about Ohio but Ohio is also dealing with the same software updates. And apparently there was a problem with compatibility between the hardware and the software that Ohio was equally concerned about. But -- but they seem to have maybe -- maybe I have it a little bit wrong here. What did they do in order to fix that compatibility problem so that they could have 5.17 in place or at least by a -- pilot program by August. What did they do in order to fix that?

MR. BARNES: What -- what the various counties in Ohio are doing -- and Ohio's a different system than of course what we do in Georgia. Georgia's a uniform system where every county is using the same types of equipment. In Ohio it's -- it's jurisdictional. Each county decides what they use to service their voters.

In those Ohio counties that have been transitioning to 5.17, there are multiple poll

book vendors in play. But there are two poll book vendors that are unable to currently work with the 5.17 model. That's KNOWiNK's poll pad and Tenex is the other vendor who is currently unable to work.

The jurisdictions in Ohio, what they have opted to do, one county, because they wanted to still maintain the use of their poll pads -- or actually their Tenex devices, have decided to downgrade from 5.17 and actually go back to their 5.5 level on their voting machines so that they will be able to still use their poll pads to manage the voter as they come in and participate during the election.

The -- another county that has that same dilemma of: We have a set of poll books that are not working currently with our 5.17 environment, what that county has opted to do is to not use their poll pads or their poll books for this election, that they're going to go through another mechanism of preparing the voter access cards that will be then given to the voter that it will allow them to interact with the machine.

So they are using a different tool to create the voter access card that'll be presented to the

voter and they are not using their normal poll 1 2 pad procedure. 3 JUDGE DUFFEY: How many in Ohio are using the Dominion system? 4 5 MR. BARNES: The last count I got from the vendor yesterday, I believe that that are seven 6 7 counties in Ohio that have now upgraded to 5.17. 8 JUDGE DUFFEY: And of those -- and how many 9 counties are there totally? 10 MR. BARNES: I'm not aware of the total 11 number of counties in Ohio? JUDGE DUFFEY: Do you have a good 12 13 estimation? MR. BARNES: It would be nothing but an 14 estimation and I would hate to be inaccurate on 15 16 that. JUDGE DUFFEY: All right. 17 18 MR. BARNES: They don't have a hundred and 19 fifty-nine counties. I know that. 20 Eighty-eight counties? Thank you. 21 Eighty-eight counties. JUDGE DUFFEY: You're off by one but you're 22 23 forgiven. 24 How many updates has Dominion offered to 25 Dominion users since we first bought the system

for use in our elections?

MR. BARNES: In checking what is currently federally certified under the Dominion -- under the Dominion brand with EAC, I was checking yesterday, there are -- I believe there are four different versions of the 5.5 series. There's A, B, C, and D. The newest version is 5.17.

JUDGE DUFFEY: And does 5.17 incorporate everything that was in the prior updates?

MR. BARNES: It incorporates a lot of various things from when the last time Dominion had put a suite together for EAC certification. There have been hardware enhancements. There have been statutorial changes in elections in our state but also in other states that they serve. So vendors tend to put those type of items into their -- into their suites so that they can expand their customer base potentially.

JUDGE DUFFEY: And of these EAC-certified updates, how many of those did we, Georgia, incorporate onto our machines?

MR. BARNES: We have only stayed with the 5.5A series. There has been -- we -- we went through an update, which was a true update, of one of the applications within the election suite

in 2020. And that was on the BMD touchscreen 1 2 that we had to go through an application update 3 in order to facilitate a two-column screen when we had 21 candidates for a single contest. 4 5 And so we had to actually upgrade or update our version number from 5.5.10.30 to 5.5.10.32. 6 JUDGE DUFFEY: Yeah, I'll try to remember 7 8 all --9 MR. BARNES: Yeah. If you do, 10 That's ... congratulations. 11 JUDGE DUFFEY: In these updates, ones that 12 weren't implemented in Georgia and in 5.7[sic] if 13 you can answer this, do any of those address 14 security in making the system more secure? MR. BARNES: The five -- the 5.17 15 16 application, Democracy Suite, was developed in 17 response to those concerns that have been raised 18 over the last two to three years. 19 JUDGE DUFFEY: And do you know with more 20 specificity what the concerns are that are addressed in 5.17? 21 MR. BARNES: I'm afraid if I start getting 22 23 into some of those answers that I'm -- I'm opening ourselves up to talking about things that 24 25 we would be unsafe to disclose.

JUDGE DUFFEY: Well, can you do it in a more 1 2 general way? 3 MR. BARNES: There are -- basically the applicational backgrounds, the backbones of 4 5 the -- on which the applications are being reinforced and enhanced. And that's -- I think 6 7 that's about as far as I can go. 8 JUDGE DUFFEY: What does reinforced and 9 enhanced mean? 10 MR. BARNES: This gets into the coding that 11 you put in place within applications to make 12 applications more secure. 13 JUDGE DUFFEY: Okay. And is that more 14 secure with respect to internal or external 15 threats? MR. BARNES: It's a combination of both. 16 JUDGE DUFFEY: And is that being implemented 17 18 in 5.17 throughout the system for everybody who 19 uses it that's being taught? 20 MR. BARNES: Yes. JUDGE DUFFEY: Okay. Is it your sense that 21 22 this will be a good update that will be good for 23 the machines that we use in Georgia? 24 MR. BARNES: The process of learning about 25 it is absolutely a good step to learn more about.

I have been around a lot of voting systems in my time. And sometimes when a new version comes out, it's best to be cautious because there might be another version coming right behind it because sometimes that thing that we thought was -- that fixed everything, turns out it got close but not quite.

So I can't say with absolute that, yes, this will be great because it is an element that we need to learn more about it before we move too quickly.

JUDGE DUFFEY: Just one more question on timing. If for the presidential preference we have to be able to build ballots and the system be available for voters, that has to occur by December did you say?

MR. BARNES: Yes, sir.

JUDGE DUFFEY: Okay. Is it possible to do all the things that you described were necessary to do -- the investigation and state certification and be comfortable with the system, is it possible that that could be done by December?

MR. BARNES: It is really important for us to see the use of any update to the system, any

upgrade, any -- any change to the system in a real election environment. Before we transitioned to our current system, we actually put the system through a piloting effort in 2019. And we did that in an effort to learn not only how to use it, but also how to train officials and train voters on how to use it. And it's very important to have those real election circumstances because things happen in elections that sometimes we don't anticipate. And it's not when the election goes perfectly how does it react, it's how does it react when something happens that we weren't expecting?

And that's the real life experience we gain through a pilot. And with a pilot scheduled for November -- of course as long as the poll pad application gets in line and we're able to use it -- if we're not done with a piloting operation until November, I don't know how we could then transition to a statewide implementation in 30 days.

JUDGE DUFFEY: Any other questions?

MR. LINDSEY: Yeah. Going back for me,

Mr. Chairman.

Why can we not use Ohio as the piloting

1 2 CERTIFICATE 3 STATE OF GEORGIA 4 5 I hereby certify that the foregoing meeting was taken down and was reduced to typewriting under my 6 7 direction; that the foregoing transcript is a true and 8 correct record given to the best of my ability. 9 The above certification is expressly 10 withdrawn upon the disassembly or photocopying of the 11 foregoing transcript, unless said disassembly or 12 photocopying is done under the auspices of the 13 undersigned and electronic signature is attached 14 thereon. 15 I further certify that I am not a relative, 16 employee, attorney, or counsel of any of the parties; 17 nor am I financially interested in the action. 18 19 This, the 24th day of July, 2023. 20 21 **Mary K McMahan** 2.2 Mary K McMahan, CCR, CVR, RPR, FPR Certified Court Reporter 23 Certificate Number 2757 24 25